

CONNECTIONLESS COMMUNICATION SYSTEM

Patent number: WO9214321

Publication date: 1992-08-20

Inventor: TAKASE TADAHIRO (JP); HAJIKANO KAZUO (JP); KAWASAKI TAKESHI (JP); SHIMOE TOSHIO (JP); TACHIBANA TETSUO (JP)

Applicant: FUJITSU LTD (JP)

Classification:

- **international:** H04L12/66

- **european:** H04Q11/04S2

Application number: WO1992JP00098 19920131

Priority number(s): JP19910010770 19910131; JP19910055020 19910319; JP19910134745 19910606; JP19910143350 19910614; JP19910168038 19910709; JP19910208262 19910820; US19950434744 19950504

Also published as:

EP0524316 (A1)
 EP0524316 (A4)

Cited documents:

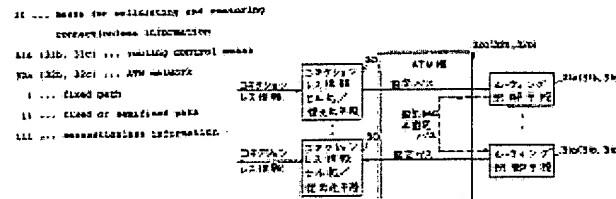
JP63215131
 JP63074346
 JP55067818
 JP2034060
 JP63224445
more >>

[Report a data error here](#)

Abstract not available for WO9214321

Abstract of corresponding document: **EP0524316**

Local connectionless information (data transferred directly without establishing a path to the destination) such as data of a local area network (LAN) is contained in an asynchronous transfer mode (ATM) network which uses a connection-oriented communication system (a system in which data is transferred after confirming the establishment of a path to the destination), and efficient, high speed routing can be made. Provided are a means (30) for cellulating/restoring connectionless information which bidirectionally performs conversion from the connectionless information to the connectionless cell of a fixed-length cell, and vice versa, a routing control means (31) which analyzes the destination address of the information in the connectionless cell and controls the routing of the cell, and an ATM network (32) which connects the means (30) with the means (31) by a permanent virtual channel of a fixed path, and connects the means (31) with each other by a permanent virtual channel of a fixed path or by a virtual channel of a semifixed path. Thus, connectionless information is divided into cells, and the exchange of each cell can be performed in an ATM network.



Data supplied from the **esp@cenet** database - Worldwide

特許協力条約に基づいて公開された国際出願

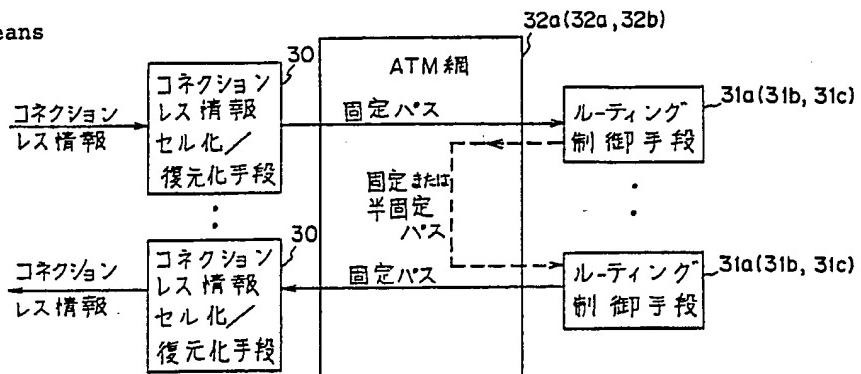
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|--|------------|------------------------|----|------------|------------------------|----|-------------|-----------------------|----|-------------|------------------------|----|-------------|-----------------------|----|-------------|------------------------|----|
| (51) 国際特許分類 5 H04L 12/66 | A1 | (11) 国際公開番号 WO 92/14321 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | (43) 国際公開日 1992年8月20日(20. 08. 1992) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>(21) 国際出願番号 PCT/JP92/00098 (22) 国際出願日 1992年1月31日(31. 01. 92)</p> <p>(30) 優先権データ</p> <table> <tr><td>特願平3/10770</td><td>1991年1月31日(31. 01. 91)</td><td>JP</td></tr> <tr><td>特願平3/55020</td><td>1991年3月19日(19. 03. 91)</td><td>JP</td></tr> <tr><td>特願平3/134745</td><td>1991年6月6日(06. 06. 91)</td><td>JP</td></tr> <tr><td>特願平3/143350</td><td>1991年6月14日(14. 06. 91)</td><td>JP</td></tr> <tr><td>特願平3/168038</td><td>1991年7月9日(09. 07. 91)</td><td>JP</td></tr> <tr><td>特願平3/208262</td><td>1991年8月20日(20. 08. 91)</td><td>JP</td></tr> </table> <p>(71) 出願人(米国を除くすべての指定国について) 富士通株式会社(FUJITSU LIMITED)[JP/JP] 〒211 神奈川県川崎市中原区上小田中1015番地 Kanagawa, (JP)</p> <p>(72) 発明者; および (75) 発明者/出願人(米国についてのみ) 高瀬忠浩(TAKASE, Tadahiro)[JP/JP] 〒870 大分県大分市生石1丁目6番6号 セゾン・ウェストコート101 Oita, (JP) 初鹿野一雄(HAJIKANO, Kazuo)[JP/JP] 川崎 健(KAWASAKI, Takeshi)[JP/JP] 下江敏夫(SHIMOE, Toshio)[JP/JP] 楠 哲夫(TACHIBANA, Tetsuo)[JP/JP] 萩原照明(HAGIHARA, Teruaki)[JP/JP] 加久間哲(KAKUMA, Satoshi)[JP/JP]</p> | | | 特願平3/10770 | 1991年1月31日(31. 01. 91) | JP | 特願平3/55020 | 1991年3月19日(19. 03. 91) | JP | 特願平3/134745 | 1991年6月6日(06. 06. 91) | JP | 特願平3/143350 | 1991年6月14日(14. 06. 91) | JP | 特願平3/168038 | 1991年7月9日(09. 07. 91) | JP | 特願平3/208262 | 1991年8月20日(20. 08. 91) | JP |
| 特願平3/10770 | 1991年1月31日(31. 01. 91) | JP | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 特願平3/55020 | 1991年3月19日(19. 03. 91) | JP | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 特願平3/134745 | 1991年6月6日(06. 06. 91) | JP | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 特願平3/143350 | 1991年6月14日(14. 06. 91) | JP | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 特願平3/168038 | 1991年7月9日(09. 07. 91) | JP | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 特願平3/208262 | 1991年8月20日(20. 08. 91) | JP | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>村山雅美(MURAYAMA, Masami)[JP/JP] 武智竜一(TAKECHI, Ryuichi)[JP/JP] 黒柳智司(KUROYANAGI, Satoshi)[JP/JP] 鴨井條益(KAMOI, Jyoei)[JP/JP] 朝永 博(TOMONAGA, Hiroshi)[JP/JP] 〒211 神奈川県川崎市中原区上小田中1015番地 富士通株式会社内 Kanagawa, (JP)</p> <p>(74) 代理人 弁理士 大菅義之(OSUGA, Yoshiyuki) 〒102 東京都千代田区麹町6丁目1番18号 麹町共栄ビル Tokyo, (JP)</p> <p>(81) 指定国 AT(欧州特許), AU, BE(欧州特許), CA, CH(欧州特許), DE(欧州特許), DK(欧州特許), ES(欧州特許), FR(欧州特許), GB(欧州特許), GR(欧州特許), IT(欧州特許), JP, LU(欧州特許), MC(欧州特許), NL(欧州特許), SE(欧州特許), US.</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>添付公開書類</p> <p style="text-align: right;">国際調査報告書</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

(54) Title: CONNECTIONLESS COMMUNICATION SYSTEM

(54) 発明の名称 コネクションレス通信方式
 30 ... means for cellulating and restoring
 connectionless information

31a (31b, 31c) ... routing control means
 32a (32b, 32c) ... ATM network
 i ... fixed path
 ii ... fixed or semifixed path
 iii ... connectionless information

BEST AVAILABLE COPY



(57) Abstract

Local connectionless information (data transferred directly without establishing a path to the destination) such as data of a local area network (LAN) is contained in an asynchronous transfer mode (ATM) network which uses a connection-oriented communication system (a system in which data is transferred after confirming the establishment of a path to the destination), and efficient, high speed routing can be made. Provided are a means (30) for cellulating/restoring connectionless information which bidirectionally performs conversion from the connectionless information to the connectionless cell of a fixed-length cell, and vice versa, a routing control means (31) which analyzes the destination address of the information in the connectionless cell and controls the routing of the cell, and an ATM network (32) which connects the means (30) with the means (31) by a permanent virtual channel of a fixed path, and connects the means (31) with each other by a permanent virtual channel of a fixed path or by a virtual channel of a semifixed path. Thus, connectionless information is divided into cells, and the exchange of each cell can be per-